1	Senate Bill No. 340
2	(By Senators Stollings, Kessler (Mr. President), Jenkins, Unger,
3	Laird, Prezioso, Palumbo, Plymale, Beach, M. Hall, Nohe,
4	Fitzsimmons, Miller, Tucker and McCabe)
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6	[Introduced February 21, 2013; referred to the Committee on
7	Health and Human Resources; and then to the Committee on
8	Education.]
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12	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
13	adding thereto a new section, designated §18-5-22c, relating
14	to allowing schools to voluntarily maintain and use
15	epinephrine auto-injectors; providing for the administration
16	of an auto-injector by a school nurse or other trained and
17	authorized nonmedical school personnel for emergency care or
18	treatment of anaphylactic reactions; allowing the issuance of
19	standing orders and protocols by physicians to schools to
20	obtain epinephrine auto-injectors; setting forth notice
21	requirements; allowing students who self inject to use the
22	school supply of epinephrine auto-injectors; setting forth
23	immunity from liability for school nurses and trained and

authorized nonmedical school personnel; allowing county school boards to participate in free or discounted manufacturer sponsored pharmaceutical programs to obtain epinephrine autoinjectors; providing for data collection and reporting requirements; and setting forth rule-making authority to effectuate the provisions of the section.

7 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

8 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended 9 by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-5-22c, to read as 10 follows:

11 ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

12 §18-5-22c. Providing for the maintenance and use of epinephrine auto-injectors; administration of injections; notice; indemnity from liability; rules.

(a) A public, private, parochial or denominational school located within this state may possess and maintain at the school a r supply of epinephrine auto-injectors for use in emergency medical a care or treatment for an anaphylactic reaction. A prior diagnosis for a student or school personnel requiring the use of epinephrine auto-injectors is not necessary to permit the school to stock epinephrine auto-injectors. Epinephrine auto-injectors shall be maintained by the school in a secure location which is only accessible by medical personnel and authorized nonmedical personnel

1 and not by students.

2 (b) An allopathic physician licensed to practice pursuant to 3 the provisions of article three, chapter thirty of this code or an 4 osteopathic physician licensed to practice pursuant to the 5 provisions of article fourteen, chapter thirty of this code may 6 prescribe within the course of his or her professional practice 7 standing orders and protocols for use when necessary by a school 8 which wishes to maintain epinephrine auto-injector pursuant to the 9 provisions of this section.

10 (c) A school nurse, as set forth in section twenty-two of 11 this article, is authorized to administer an epinephrine auto-12 injector to a student or school personnel during regular school 13 hours or at a school function when the school nurse medically 14 believes the individual is experiencing an anaphylactic reaction. 15 A school nurse may use the school supply of epinephrine auto-16 injectors for a student or school personnel authorized to self-17 administer that meet the requirements of a prescription on file 18 with the school.

19 (d) Nonmedical school personnel who have been trained in the 20 administration of an epinephrine auto-injector and who have been 21 designated and authorized by the school to administer the 22 epinephrine auto-injector are authorized to administer an 23 epinephrine auto-injector to a student or school personnel during

1 regular school hours or at a school function when the authorized 2 and designated nonmedical school personnel reasonably believes, 3 based upon their training, that the individual is experiencing an 4 anaphylactic reaction. Nonmedical school personnel may use the 5 school supply of epinephrine auto-injectors for a student or school 6 personnel authorized to self-administer that meet the requirements 7 of a prescription on file with the school.

8 (e) Prior notice to the parents of a student of the 9 administration of the epinephrine auto-injector is not required. 10 Immediately following the administration of the epinephrine auto-11 injector, the school shall provide notice to the parent of a 12 student who received an auto-injection.

(f) A school nurse or trained and authorized nonmedical school 14 personnel who administer an epinephrine auto-injection to a student 15 or to school personnel as provided in this section is immune from 16 liability for any civil action arising out of an act or omission 17 resulting from the administration of the epinephrine auto-injection 18 unless the act or omission was the result of the school nurse or 19 trained and authorized nonmedical school personnel's gross 20 negligence or willful misconduct.

(g) For the purposes of this section, all county boards of education may participate in free or discounted drug programs from pharmaceutical manufacturers to provide epinephrine auto-injectors

1 to schools in their counties who choose to stock auto-injectors.

3 (h) All county boards of education are required to collect and 4 compile aggregate data on incidents of anaphylactic reactions 5 resulting in the administration of school maintained epinephrine 6 auto-injectors in their county during a school year and forward the 7 data to State Superintendent of Schools. The State Superintendent 8 of Schools shall prepare an annual report to be presented to the 9 Joint Committee on Government and Finance as set forth in article 10 three, chapter four of this code, by December 31 of each year.

(i) The State Board of Education, as defined in article two 12 of this chapter, shall consult with the state Health Officer, as 13 defined in section four, article three, chapter thirty of this 14 code, and promulgate rules necessary to effectuate the provisions 15 of this section in accordance with the provisions of article three-16 b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The rules shall provide, at 17 a minimum, for:

(1) The criteria for selection and minimum requirements of 19 nonmedical school personnel who may administer epinephrine auto-20 injectors following the necessary training;

(2) The training requirements necessary for nonmedical school 22 personnel to be authorized to administer an epinephrine auto-23 injection;

(3) Training on anaphylaxis and allergy awareness for food
service workers in the school system, if easily available locally;
(4) Storage requirements for maintaining the epinephrine auto 4 injectors within the schools;

5 (5) Comprehensive notice requirements to the parents of a 6 student who was administered a school maintained epinephrine auto-7 injection including who administered the injection, the rational 8 for administering the injection, the approximate time of the 9 injection and any other necessary elements to make the students' 10 parents fully aware of the circumstances surrounding the 11 administration of the injection;

12 (6) Any and all necessary documentation to be kept and 13 maintained regarding receipt, inventory, storage and usage of all 14 epinephrine auto-injectors;

15 (7) Detailed reporting requirements for county boards of 16 education on incidents of use of school maintained epinephrine 17 auto-injectors during a school year; and

18 (8) Any other requirements necessary to fully implement this19 section.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to allow epinephrine autoinjectors to be maintained in school for emergency treatment administration during anaphylactic reactions.

This section is new; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.